



## HEADS UP CONCUSSION



Brain Injury Alliance of Washington

## FACT SHEET FOR MIDDLE SCHOOL ATHLETES

This sheet has information to help you protect yourself from concussion or other serious brain injury and know what to do if a concussion occurs.



**Brain Injury**  
Alliance  
**WASHINGTON**

Prevention • Support • Education • Advocacy  
Washington Traumatic Brain Injury Resource Center  
877-824-1766  
[www.biawa.org](http://www.biawa.org)

### WHAT IS A CONCUSSION?

---

A concussion is a brain injury that affects how your brain works. It can happen when your brain gets bounced around in your skull after a fall or hit to the head.

### WHAT SHOULD I DO IF I THINK I HAVE A CONCUSSION?

---

#### REPORT IT.

Tell your coach and parent if you think you or one of your teammates may have a concussion. You won't play your best if you are not feeling well, and playing with a concussion is dangerous. Encourage your teammates to also report their symptoms.

#### GET CHECKED OUT BY A DOCTOR.

If you think you have a concussion, do not return to play on the day of the injury. Only a doctor or other health care provider can tell if you have a concussion and when it's OK to return to school and play.

#### GIVE YOUR BRAIN TIME TO HEAL.

Most athletes with a concussion get better within a couple of weeks. For some, a concussion can make everyday activities, such as going to school, harder. You may need extra help getting back to your normal activities. Be sure to update your parents and doctor about how you are feeling.



## HOW CAN I TELL IF I HAVE A CONCUSSION?

You may have a concussion if you have any of these symptoms after a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body:

- Get a headache
- Feel dizzy, sluggish, or foggy
- Are bothered by light or noise
- Have double or blurry vision
- Vomit or feel sick to your stomach
- Have trouble focusing or problems remembering
- Feel more emotional or “down”
- Feel confused
- Have problems with sleep

A concussion feels different to each person, so it’s important to tell your parents and doctor how you feel. You might notice concussion symptoms right away, but sometimes it takes hours or days until you notice that something isn’t right.

## HOW CAN I HELP MY TEAM?

### PROTECT YOUR BRAIN.

All your teammates should avoid hits to the head and follow the rules for safe play to lower chances of getting a concussion.

### BE A TEAM PLAYER.

If one of your teammates has a concussion, tell them that they’re an important part of the team, and they should take the time they need to get better.

### GOOD TEAMMATES KNOW:

**“IT’S BETTER TO MISS ONE GAME THAN THE WHOLE SEASON.”**



The information provided in this document or through linkages to other sites is not a substitute for medical or professional care. Questions about diagnosis and treatment for concussion should be directed to a physician or other health care provider.

TO LEARN MORE GO TO

> [www.biawa.org/concussion.php](http://www.biawa.org/concussion.php)



**Brain Injury  
Alliance  
WASHINGTON**

Prevention Support Education Advocacy  
Washington Traumatic Brain Injury Resource Center  
877-824-1766  
[www.biawa.org](http://www.biawa.org)

JOIN THE CONVERSATION AT

↳ [www.facebook.com/BrainInjuryWA](https://www.facebook.com/BrainInjuryWA)

Content Source: CDC’s HEADS UP campaign. Customizable HEADS UP fact sheets were made possible through a grant to the CDC Foundation from the National Operating Committee on Standards for Athletic Equipment (NOCSAE).